Research supporting SDG2 has grown since 2015, with a compound annual growth rate of 9.6% compared to nearly 3.5% for research in all fields.

The US produces the most research supporting SDG2, followed by China, India, UK and Brazil. Seven of the 10 most prolific locations are high income locations (accounting for more than 26,000 publications); two are upper-middle income locations (China and Brazil) and one is a lower-middle income location (India). Two low income locations featured in the top 50: Ethiopia (1,065 publications) and Tanzania (501 publications).

The top five locations for which research on SDG2 represents the largest share of their research portfolio are Niger, Mali, Zimbabwe, Kenya, and Burkina Faso.

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As a measure of academic impact measured by citation, the field weighted citation impact (FWCI) for SDG2 research was above average every year, with an average of 1.14 over the period.

**Key themes in SDG2 Research**

- Food Security
- Crop Yield
- Global Food Supply Chain
- Agriculture
- Food Production
- Nutrition
- Malnutrition
- Climate Change
- Water

**Top 10 locations by publication**

- United States
- China
- United Kingdom
- Germany
- Brazil
- Australia
- France
- Canada
- Italy
- India

**International collaboration and research impact**

- High Income Locations
- Upper Middle Income Locations
- Lower Middle Income Locations
- Low Income Locations

**Volume of publications supporting SDG2**

- United States
- China
- United Kingdom
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**Zero hunger**

2015-2019
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